## 2011R2004HI

1	H. B. 2543
2	
3 4	(By Delegates Iaquinta, Fleischauer, Longstreth, Stephens, Walker and Azinger)
5	[Introduced January 18, 2011; referred to the
6	Interim Committee on Veterans' Affairs and Homeland Security then <b>Bill</b>
7	Finance.]
8	
9	
10	A BILL to amend and reenact $\$21A-6-3$ of the Code of West Virginia,
11	1931, as amended, relating to unemployment benefits for
12	certain spouses of military personnel; providing that an
13	individual who has voluntarily quit employment to accompany a
14	spouse serving in active military service who has been
15	reassigned from one military assignment to another shall not
16	be disqualified for benefits; providing that the account of
17	the employer of the individual who leaves employment to
18	accompany a spouse reassigned from one military assignment to
19	another shall not be charged.
20	Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:
21	That §21A-6-3 of the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended,
22	be amended and reenacted to read as follows:
23	ARTICLE 6. EMPLOYEE ELIGIBILITY; BENEFITS.
24	<pre>§21A-6-3. Disqualification for benefits.</pre>

1 Upon the determination of the facts by the commissioner, an 2 individual shall be disgualified for benefits:

3 (1) For the week in which he or she left his or her most 4 recent work voluntarily without good cause involving fault on the 5 part of the employer and until the individual returns to covered 6 employment and has been employed in covered employment at least 7 thirty working days.

For the purpose of this subdivision, an individual shall not 8 9 be deemed to have left his or her most recent work voluntarily 10 without good cause involving fault on the part of the employer, if 11 such individual leaves his or her most recent work with an employer 12 and if he or she in fact, within a fourteen-day calendar period, 13 does return to employment with the last preceding employer with 14 whom he or she was previously employed within the past year prior 15 to his or her return to workday, and which last preceding employer, 16 after having previously employed such individual for thirty working 17 days or more, laid off such individual because of lack of work, 18 which layoff occasioned the payment of benefits under this chapter 19 or could have occasioned the payment of benefits under this chapter 20 had such individual applied for such benefits. It is the intent of 21 this paragraph to cause no disqualification for benefits for such 22 an individual who complies with the foregoing set of requirements 23 and conditions. Further, for the purpose of this subdivision, an 24 individual shall not be deemed to have left his or her most recent

1 work voluntarily without good cause involving fault on the part of 2 the employer, if such individual was compelled to leave his or her 3 work for his or her own health-related reasons and notifies the 4 employer prior to leaving the job or within two business days after 5 leaving the job or as soon as practicable and presents written 6 certification from a licensed physician within thirty days of 7 leaving the job that his or her work aggravated, worsened or will 8 worsen the individual's health problem.

9 (2) For the week in which he or she was discharged from his 10 or her most recent work for misconduct and the six weeks 11 immediately following such week; or for the week in which he or she 12 was discharged from his or her last thirty-day employing unit for 13 misconduct and the six weeks immediately following such week. Such 14 disqualification shall carry a reduction in the maximum benefit 15 amount equal to six times the individual's weekly benefit. 16 However, if the claimant returns to work in covered employment for 17 thirty days during his or her benefit year, whether or not such 18 days are consecutive, the maximum benefit amount shall be increased 19 by the amount of the decrease imposed under the disqualification; 20 except that:

If he or she were discharged from his or her most recent work for one of the following reasons, or if he or she were discharged from his or her last thirty days employing unit for one of the following reasons: Gross misconduct consisting of willful

1 destruction of his or her employer's property; assault upon the 2 person of his or her employer or any employee of his or her 3 employer; if such assault is committed at such individual's place 4 of employment or in the course of employment; reporting to work in 5 an intoxicated condition, or being intoxicated while at work; 6 reporting to work under the influence of any controlled substance, 7 as defined in chapter sixty-a of this code without a valid 8 prescription, or being under the influence of any controlled 9 substance, as defined in said chapter without a valid prescription, 10 while at work; adulterating or otherwise manipulating a sample or 11 specimen in order to thwart a drug or alcohol test lawfully 12 required of an employee; refusal to submit to random testing for 13 alcohol or illegal controlled substances for employees in safety 14 sensitive positions as defined in section two, article one-d, 15 chapter twenty-one of this code; arson, theft, larceny, fraud or 16 embezzlement in connection with his or her work; or any other gross 17 misconduct, he or she shall be and remain disqualified for benefits 18 until he or she has thereafter worked for at least thirty days in 19 covered employment: Provided, That for the purpose of this 20 subdivision, the words "any other gross misconduct" shall include, 21 but not be limited to, any act or acts of misconduct where the 22 individual has received prior written warning that termination of 23 employment may result from such act or acts.

24 (3) For the week in which he or she failed without good cause

1 to apply for available, suitable work, accept suitable work when 2 offered, or return to his or her customary self-employment when 3 directed to do so by the commissioner, and for the four weeks which 4 immediately follow for such additional period as any offer of 5 suitable work shall continue open for his or her acceptance. Such 6 disqualification shall carry a reduction in the maximum benefit 7 amount equal to four times the individual's weekly benefit amount.

(4) For a week in which his or her total or partial 8 9 unemployment is due to a stoppage of work which exists because of 10 a labor dispute at the factory, establishment or other premises at 11 which he or she was last employed, unless the commissioner is 12 satisfied that he or she: (1) Was not participating, financing or 13 directly interested in such dispute; and (2) did not belong to a 14 grade or class of workers who were participating, financing or 15 directly interested in the labor dispute which resulted in the 16 stoppage of work. No disgualification under this subdivision shall 17 be imposed if the employees are required to accept wages, hours or 18 conditions of employment substantially less favorable than those 19 prevailing for similar work in the locality, or if employees are 20 denied the right of collective bargaining under generally 21 prevailing conditions, or if an employer shuts down his or her 22 plant or operation or dismisses his or her employees in order to 23 force wage reduction, changes in hours or working conditions. For 24 the purpose of this subdivision if any stoppage of work continues

1 longer than four weeks after the termination of the labor dispute 2 which caused stoppage of work, there shall be a rebuttable 3 presumption that part of the stoppage of work which exists after a 4 period of four weeks after the termination of the labor dispute did 5 not exist because of the labor dispute; and in that event the 6 burden shall be upon the employer or other interested party to show 7 otherwise.

8 (5) For a week with respect to which he or she is receiving 9 or has received:

10 (a) Wages in lieu of notice;

11 (b) Compensation for temporary total disability under the 12 workers' compensation law of any state or under a similar law of 13 the United States; or

14 (c) Unemployment compensation benefits under the laws of the 15 United States or any other state.

16 (6) For the week in which an individual has voluntarily quit 17 employment to marry or to perform any marital, parental or family 18 duty, or to attend to his or her personal business or affairs and 19 until the individual returns to covered employment and has been 20 employed in covered employment at least thirty working days:\_\_\_\_\_\_ 21 <u>Provided, That an individual who has voluntarily quit employment to</u> 22 accompany a spouse serving in active military service who has been 23 reassigned from one military assignment to another shall not be 24 disqualified for benefits pursuant to this subdivision: <u>Provided</u>,

1 however, That the account of the employer of an individual who 2 leaves the employment to accompany a spouse reassigned from one 3 military assignment to another shall not be charged.

(7) Benefits shall not be paid to any individual on the basis 4 services, 5 of any substantially all of which consist of 6 participating in sports or athletic events or training or preparing 7 to so participate, for any week which commences during the period 8 between two successive sport seasons (or similar periods) if such 9 individual performed such services in the first of such seasons (or 10 similar periods) and there is a reasonable assurance that such 11 individual will perform such services in the later of such seasons 12 (or similar periods).

13 (8) (a) Benefits shall not be paid on the basis of services 14 performed by an alien unless such alien is an individual who was 15 lawfully admitted for permanent residence at the time such services 16 were performed, was lawfully present for purposes of performing 17 such services or was permanently residing in the United States 18 under color of law at the time such services were performed 19 (including an alien who is lawfully present in the United States as 20 a result of the application of the provisions of Section 203(a) (7) 21 or Section 212(d) (5) of the Immigration and Nationality Act): 22 *Provided*, That any modifications to the provisions of Section 23 3304(a) (14) of the federal Unemployment Tax Act as provided by 24 Public Law 94-566 which specify other conditions or other effective

1 date than stated herein for the denial of benefits based on 2 services performed by aliens and which modifications are required 3 to be implemented under state law as a condition for full tax 4 credit against the tax imposed by the federal Unemployment Tax Act 5 shall be deemed applicable under the provisions of this section;

6 (b) Any data or information required of individuals applying 7 for benefits to determine whether benefits are not payable to them0 8 because of their alien status shall be uniformly required from all 9 applicants for benefits;

10 (c) In the case of an individual whose application for 11 benefits would otherwise be approved, no determination that 12 benefits to such individual are not payable because of his or her 13 alien status shall be made except upon a preponderance of the 14 evidence.

15 (9) For each week in which an individual is unemployed 16 because, having voluntarily left employment to attend a school, 17 college, university or other educational institution, he or she is 18 attending such school, college, university or other educational 19 institution, or is awaiting entrance thereto or is awaiting the 20 starting of a new term or session thereof, and until the individual 21 returns to covered employment.

(10) For each week in which he or she is unemployed because of his or her request, or that of his or her duly authorized agent, to vacation period at a specified time that would leave the

1 employer no other alternative but to suspend operations.

2 (11) In the case of an individual who accepts an early 3 retirement incentive package, unless he or she: (i) Establishes a 4 well-grounded fear of imminent layoff supported by definitive 5 objective facts involving fault on the part of the employer; and 6 (ii) establishes that he or she would suffer a substantial loss by 7 not accepting the early retirement incentive package.

(12) For each week with respect to which he or she is 8 9 receiving or has received benefits under Title II of the Social 10 Security Act or similar payments under any Act of Congress, or 11 remuneration in the form of an annuity, pension or other retirement 12 pay from a base period employer or chargeable employer or from any 13 trust or fund contributed to by a base period employer or 14 chargeable employer or any combination of the above, the weekly 15 benefit amount payable to such individual for such week shall be 16 reduced (but not below zero) by the prorated weekly amount of said 17 benefits, payments or remuneration: Provided, That if such amount 18 of benefits is not a multiple of one-dollar, it shall be computed 19 to the next lowest multiple of one-dollar: Provided, however, That 20 there shall be no disqualification if in the individual's base 21 period there are no wages which were paid by the base period 22 employer or chargeable employer paying such remuneration, or by a 23 fund into which the employer has paid during said base period: 24 Provided further, That notwithstanding any other provision of this

1 subdivision to the contrary, the weekly benefit amount payable to 2 such individual for such week shall not be reduced by any 3 retirement benefits he or she is receiving or has received under 4 Title II of the Social Security Act or similar payments under any 5 Act of Congress. Claimant may be required to certify as to whether 6 or not he or she is receiving or has been receiving remuneration in 7 the form of an annuity, pension or other retirement pay from a base 8 period employer or chargeable employer or from a trust fund 9 contributed to by a base period employer or chargeable employer.

10 (13) For each week in which and for fifty-two weeks 11 thereafter, beginning with the date of the decision, if the 12 commissioner finds such individual who within twenty-four calendar 13 months immediately preceding such decision, has made a false 14 statement or representation knowing it to be false or knowingly 15 fails to disclose a material fact, to obtain or increase any 16 benefit or payment under this article: *Provided*, That 17 disqualification under this subdivision shall not preclude 18 prosecution under section seven, article ten of this chapter.

NOTE: The purpose of this bill is to provide that an individual who has voluntarily quit employment to accompany a spouse serving in active military service who has been reassigned from one military assignment to another shall not be disqualified for benefits. The bill also provides that the account of the employer of the individual shall not be charged.

Strike-throughs indicate language that would be stricken from the present law, and underscoring indicates new language that would be added.

This bill was recommended for introduction and passage during the 2011 Regular Session of the Legislative Committee.